

ORCHID HOTELS EASTERN (I) PRIVATE LIMITED

(Formerly known as "Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited")

CIN No. U55101MH2012PTC237229

Regd. Off. : KHIL House, 70-C, Nehru Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai - 400 099. Tel No. 26164000, Email id: cs@khil.com

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 6th Annual General Meeting of the members of Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited will be held at KHIL House, 70-C, Nehru Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai 400099 on Friday, 21st September, 2018 at 1.30 p.m. to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the financial statement for the year ended on 31st March, 2018 and Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Prabhakar V. Shetty, who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.
3. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139, 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, (the Rules), as amended from time to time, M/s. N. A. Shah Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (FRN: 116560W/W100149), who have given written consent for their re-appointment and a certificate that their appointment, if made, will be in accordance with the conditions of Section 141 of the Act and Rule 4 of the Rules, be and are hereby re – appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2018- 2019, to hold the office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting (AGM) until the conclusion of the 11th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2023 which will be subject to ratification by members at every Annual General Meeting on such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Auditors and the Board of Directors of the Company plus reimbursement of actual out of pocket expenses in connection with the audit of books of accounts of the Company."

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
ORCHID HOTELS EASTERN (I) PRIVATE LIMITED
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PRABHAKAR V. SHETTY
DIN: 02448426
DIRECTOR

Date: 23-05-2018
Place: Mumbai

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NOTES:

- (1) A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF/HERSELF AND A PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER.
- (2) The instrument appointing a proxy should, however, be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
- (3) A person can act as proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights.
- (4) A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the company carrying voting rights may appoint single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.
- (5) Every member entitled to vote at a meeting of the Company, or on any resolution to be moved thereat, shall be entitled, during the period beginning twenty-four hours before the time fixed for the commencement of the 6th Annual General Meeting and ending with the conclusion of the said Annual General Meeting, to inspect the proxies lodged, at any time during the business hours of the Company, provided not less than three days of notice in writing of the intention so to inspect is given to the Company.

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BOARD'S REPORT

To,
The Members,

We have pleasure in presenting the 6th Annual Report together with the Audited financial statement of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2018.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Total Income	-	28,200
Profit Before Interest, Depreciation & Taxation	(31,072)	12,869
Current Tax`	-	(2,450)
Net Profits for the year	(31,072)	14,058
Amount proposed to be carried to reserves	-	-

2. THE STATE OF THE COMPANY'S AFFAIRS:

During the year under review, the Company has occurred a loss of Rs. 31,072/- as compared to profit of Rs. 14,058/- in the previous year.

3. DIVIDEND:

In view of the loss incurred during the year, your Directors do not recommend any dividend on equity shares of the Company.

4. CHANGE OF NAME:

During the year under review, the name of the Company was changed from Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited to Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited. The Company has received the fresh Certificate of Incorporation consequent upon Change of Name dated 24th August, 2017 from the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai.

5. SHARE CAPITAL:

During the period under review there was no change in the Authorised and Paid-up Share capital of the Company.

6. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS:

There have been no material change and commitment affecting the financial position of the Company during the financial year ending 31st March, 2018.

7. THE CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY:

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The Company continues to be in the Hospitality Business. During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of business of the company.

8. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Mr. Prabhakar V. Shetty retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. The Directors recommend his re-appointment.

The requirement of Key Managerial Personnel as provided under section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company.

9. EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN:

An Extract of annual return in form MGT-9 is enclosed in **Annexure I**.

10. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD:

During the financial year 2017-18, 4(Four) meetings of the Board of Directors of the company were held.

11. DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

As required by Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Directors hereby state that:

- in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures;
- selected accounting policies were applied consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2018 and of the profit of the company for the financial year ended on that date.
- proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis; and
- proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and are operating effectively.

12. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS MADE:

The particulars of Loan and Guarantee given, Security provided and Investment made by the Company under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given as under:

	Opening Balance (Amount in Crores)	During the year	Closing Balance (Amount in Crores)
Loans Given	33,88,123	(33,88,123)	NIL
Guarantee Given	NIL	NIL	NIL
Security Provided	NIL	NIL	NIL

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d. Bodies Corp.	-	10000	10000	100	-	10000	10000	100	-
e. Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f. Any other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-Total (A) (1):-	-	10000	10000	100	-	10000	10000	100	-
(2) Foreign	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
a. NRIs-Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b. Other- Individual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c. Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d. Banks/ FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e. Any other.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-Total (A) (2) :-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	-	10000	10000	100	-	10000	10000	100	-
B. Public Shareholding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1. Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
a. Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b. Banks/FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c. Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d. State Govt (s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e. Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f. Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
g. FIIs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
h. Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i. Others (Specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub – Total (B)(1):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Non Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
a. Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i. Indian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii. Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii. Individual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Individual Shareholders holding Nominal Share Capital upto Rs. 1 Lakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Individual Shareholders holding Nominal Share Capital in excess of Rs. 1 Lakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii)Others(Specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub – Total (B)(2):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	-	10000	10000	100	-	10000	10000	100	-

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters:

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Share holding at the end of the year			
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged /encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	% change in share holding during the year
1	Kamat Hotels (India) Ltd.	10000	100	-	10000	100	-	NIL
	Total	10000	100	-	10000	100	-	NIL

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change): There was no change in promoters' shareholding.

Sl. No.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year:-	10000	100%		
	Date wise Increase /Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):				
	At the End of the year:-	10000	100%		

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs): NOT APPLICABLE

Sl. No.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders				
	At the beginning of the year				

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	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer bonus/ sweat equity etc):				
	At the End of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)				

(v) *Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:* None of the Directors hold any shares in the Company. The Company does not have any Key Managerial Personnel

No.	For Each of the Directors and KMP	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year				
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share Holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):				
	At the End of the year				

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment: NIL

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	-	-	-
Change in Indebtedness during the Financial Year				
Addition	-	-	-	-
Reduction	-	-	-	-
Net Change				
Indebtedness at the end of the year				
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	-	-	-

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VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. *Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:* The Company does not have any Managing Director, Whole-Time Director and/or Manager, therefore no remuneration was paid to any Directors and Key Managerial Personnel during the financial year 2017-18.

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager				Total Amount
1.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	-
4.	Commission - as % of Profit - other, specify	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (A)	-	-	-	-	-
	Ceiling as per Act	-	-	-	-	-

B. *Remuneration to other directors:* No Remuneration was paid to any Director during the financial year 2017-18.

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors						Total Amount
	I. Independent Directors							
	(i) Fee for attending Board/ Committee Meetings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Commission	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(iii) Others, Please specify	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2. Other Non Executive Directors							
	(i) Fee for attending Board Committee Meetings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Commission	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(iii) Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (B) = (1+2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Overall Ceiling as per Act (for Sitting Fees)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

C. *Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD-* The Company does not have any Key Managerial Personnel therefore, no remuneration was paid to any Key Managerial personnel during the financial year 2017-18.

Sr.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel
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No.		CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	Total
	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-
	Stock Option	-	-	-	-
	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-
	Commission - as % of Profit - other, specify	-	-	-	-
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES: NIL

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of
ORCHID HOTELS EASTERN (I) PRIVATE LIMITED
(Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)


DR. VITHAL V. KAMAT
DIN 00195341
DIRECTOR


PRABHAKAR V. SHETTY
DIN 02448426
DIRECTOR

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23-05-2018

Independent Auditors' Report

To,
The Members of
Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited (Formally known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)

Report on the Ind AS financial statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited** (Formally known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited) ('the Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together referred to as Ind AS financial statements).

Management's responsibility for the Ind AS financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so



N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the financial position of the Company as at 31st March 2018, and its loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Other matters

The comparative financial information of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2017 and the transition date opening balance sheet as at 1st April 2016 included in these Ind AS financial statements, are based on the previously issued statutory financial statements prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 audited by the predecessor auditor whose report for the year ended 31st March 2017 and 31st March 2016 dated 19th May, 2017 and 18th May 2016 respectively expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements, as adjusted for the differences in the accounting principles adopted by the Company on transition to the Ind AS, which have been audited by us.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that,
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31st March 2018, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.



N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 116560W/W100149

M. V. Mody

Milan Mody

Partner

Membership No.: 103286



Place: Mumbai

Date: **23 MAY 2018**

N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited (Formally known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)

Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report for the period from 1st April 2017 to 31st March 2018

[Referred to in 'Other legal and regulatory requirements' of our report of even date]

- i. The Company does not hold any fixed assets. Therefore, clause (i) (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 3 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 relating to fixed assets is not applicable.
- ii. The Company does not hold any inventory. Therefore, clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the Order relating to inventory is not applicable.
- iii. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted any loan secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Therefore, clause (iii) (a),(b),(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- iv. As per the information and explanation given to us, in respect of guarantee given, it has complied with provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, as informed to us the Company has not made any investments, given loan or provided security to which the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 applies.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of provisions of Section 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under. We have been informed that no order relating to Company has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal. There are no investment made by the Company.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act. Accordingly clause (vi) of paragraph 3 the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, in respect of amounts deducted / accrued in the books of accounts, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and service tax (GST), duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other material statutory dues, as applicable to the Company, during the period with the appropriate authorities. There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of statutory dues outstanding as at 31st March 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
 - (b) According to the records of the Company and information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, GST, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax which have not been deposited with appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- viii. The Company has not taken any loan from bank, financial institution, Government or issued any debentures. Therefore, clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix. The Company has neither raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer [including debt instruments] and term loans during the year, nor it had opening balance, hence clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- x. During the course of our examination of the books of account and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any incidence of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its employees / officers, nor have been informed of any such case by the management.



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Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report for the period from 1st April 2017 to 31st March 2018
[Referred to in 'Other legal and regulatory requirements 'of our report of even date]

- xi. The Company has not paid or provided any managerial remuneration. Hence, reporting under clause (xi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, clause (xii) of paragraph 3 the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, transaction with related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of Act and have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required under Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosure specified under section 133 of the Act [Also refer note 15 of Ind AS financial statements], read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014. Section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- xiv. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Therefore, question of our comment on compliance with provisions of Section 42 of Act does not arise.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or person connected with him. Therefore, question of our comment on compliance with provisions of Section 192 of the Act does not arise.
- xvi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.116560W/W100149

M. V. Mody

Milan Mody

Partner

Membership No. 103286



Place: Mumbai

Date: 23 MAY 2018

N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited (Formally known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited** (Formally known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited) ("the Company") as of 31st March 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

The Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.



N. A. SHAH ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited (Formally known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 116560W/W100149



Milan Mody

Partner

Membership No. 103286



Place: Mumbai

Date:

23 MAY 2018

Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
(Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229
Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2018
(Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note no.	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017	As at 1st April 2016
ASSETS				
A Non Current assets				
a) Financial assets				
i) Loans	5	-	33.88	33.90
b) Deferred tax asset	6	0.02	0.02	-
	(A)	<u>0.02</u>	<u>33.90</u>	<u>33.90</u>
B Current assets				
a) Financial assets				
i) Cash and cash equivalents	7	33.88	0.15	0.48
	(B)	<u>33.88</u>	<u>0.15</u>	<u>0.48</u>
TOTAL (A+B)		<u><u>33.90</u></u>	<u><u>34.05</u></u>	<u><u>34.38</u></u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
A Equity				
a) Equity share capital	8	1.00	1.00	1.00
b) Other equity		30.13	30.44	30.30
	(A)	<u>31.13</u>	<u>31.44</u>	<u>31.30</u>
Liabilities				
B Current liabilities				
a) Financial liabilities				
i) Trade payables	9	2.72	2.58	3.06
ii) Other financial liability	10	0.02	-	-
b) Other current liability	11	0.03	0.03	0.02
	(B)	<u>2.77</u>	<u>2.61</u>	<u>3.08</u>
TOTAL (A+B)		<u><u>33.90</u></u>	<u><u>34.05</u></u>	<u><u>34.38</u></u>

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statement 1 to 24

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our audit report of even date

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W/ W100149

H. V. Mody

Milan Mody
Partner
Membership No.: 103286



Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited

W. Kamat

Dr. Vithal V. Kamat
Director
DIN : 00195341

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018

Prabhakar V. Shetty

Prabhakar V. Shetty
Director
DIN : 02448426

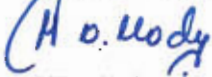
Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018

Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
(Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229
Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31st March 2018
(Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note no.	Year ended 31st March 2018	Year ended 31st March 2017
A Income			
Revenue from operations	12	-	0.28
Total income (A)		-	0.28
B Expenses			
Other expenses	13	0.31	0.15
Total expenses (B)		0.31	0.15
C Profit/(loss) before tax (A - B)		(0.31)	0.13
D Tax expense:			
Current tax		-	0.02
Deferred tax asset (MAT credit availed)	19	-	(0.02)
Short /(excess) provision for income tax for earlier years		-	(0.01)
		-	(0.01)
E Profit/(loss) after tax (C - D)		(0.31)	0.14
F Other comprehensive income			
A) Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss		-	-
B) Items that will be reclassified to statement of Profit and Loss		-	-
Total other comprehensive (income)/ expenses		-	-
G Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year (E + F)		(0.31)	0.14
Basic and diluted earnings/ (loss) per share (Face value of Rs. 10 each)	16	(3.11)	1.41
Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements	1 to 24		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements
As per our audit report of even date

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 116560W/ W100149




Milan Mody
Partner
Membership No.: 103286

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited


Dr. Vithal V. Kamat
Director
DIN : 00195341

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018



Prabhakar V. Shetty
Director
DIN : 02448426

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018

Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
 (Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
 CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229
 Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2018
 (Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	Year ended 31st March 2018	Year ended 31st March 2017
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit /(loss) before taxes		(0.31)	0.13
<u>Add/(less): Adjustments for non cash and other items</u>		-	-
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes		(0.31)	0.13
Movements in working capital: [Including Current and Non-current]			
Increase / (decrease) in trade payable and other current liabilities		0.15	(0.46)
Cash flow from operations		(0.16)	(0.33)
Adjustment for:			
Direct taxes paid (including tax deducted at source)		-	(0.01)
Net cash generated/ (used in) from operating activities...(A)		(0.16)	(0.34)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of loans given		33.89	0.01
Net cash (used in) / from investing activities... (B)		33.89	0.01
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net cash (used in) / from financing activities... (C)		-	-
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+ B+C)		33.73	(0.31)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	7	0.15	0.48
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		33.88	0.15
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		33.73	(0.33)
Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statement	1 to 24		

Notes referred to herein above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration No. 116560W/ W100149

M. Mody

Milan Mody
 Partner
 Membership No.: 103286



Place: Mumbai
 Date: 23rd May 2018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
 Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited

W. Kamat
 Dr. Vithal V. Kamat
 Director
 DIN : 00195341

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 23rd May 2018

P. Shetty

Prabhakar V. Shetty
 Director
 DIN : 02448426

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 23rd May 2018

Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
 (Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
 CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229
 Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March 2018
 (Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

(a) Equity share capital

As at 1st April 2016	Changes in equity share capital during the year	As at 31st March 2017	Changes in equity share capital during the year	As at 31st March 2018
1.00	-	1.00	-	1.00

Also refer note 8

(b) Other equity

Particulars	Retained earnings	Total other equity
Balance as at 1st April 2016	30.30	30.30
Profit for the year	0.14	0.14
Balance as at 31st March 2017	30.44	30.44
Loss for the year	(0.31)	(0.31)
Balance as at 31st March 2018	30.13	30.13

Notes referred to herein above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration No. 116560W

H. V. Mody

Milan Mody
 Partner
 Membership No.: 103286

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 23rd May 2018



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
 Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited

W. Kamat

Dr. Vithal V. Kamat
 Director
 DIN : 00195341

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 23rd May 2018

Prabhakar V. Shetty

Prabhakar V. Shetty
 Director
 DIN : 02448426

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 23rd May 2018



1. Background

The Company was incorporated on 25th Oct 2012 under Companies Act, 1956 and is domiciled in India. The registered office of the Company is located at KHIL HOUSE, 70 - C, Nehru road, Vile Parle (east), Mumbai, Maharashtra 400099, India. The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of Kamat Hotels (India) Limited, which is in hospitality business. The Company has not carried out any business activity during the year however, it is exploring various business opportunities. Name of the Company has been changed to 'Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited' from earlier name of 'Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited' effective from 10th August, 2017.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2018 were approved and adopted by board of directors of the Company in their meeting held on 23rd May 2018.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1. Statement of compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31st March 2017, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 (referred as "Indian GAAP"). These are the Company's first annual financial statements prepared complying in all material respects with the Ind AS notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements comply with Ind AS notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The Company has consistently applied the accounting policies used in the preparation of its opening Ind AS Balance Sheet at 1st April 2016 throughout all periods presented, as if these policies had always been in effect and are covered by Ind AS 101 "First-time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards". The transition was carried out from Indian GAAP which is considered as the previous GAAP, as defined in Ind AS 101. There are no adjustments required in the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS. There are no adjustments required in the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS (Also refer note 23 of financial statement).

2.2. Functional and presentation of currency

The financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are rounded to the nearest rupees in lakhs.

2.3. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal market or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.



The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as below:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted price in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of fair value hierarchy.

Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purpose using methods as prescribed in "Ind AS 113 Fair Value Measurement".

2.4. Use of significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Significant estimates and critical judgement in applying these accounting policies are described below:

i) **Recognition of deferred tax**

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

3.1. Presentation and disclosure of financial statement

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 for a company whose financial statements are made in compliance with the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

As of the reporting date, the Company has no business operation and hence the operating cycle is assumed to be 12 months.



3.2. Taxes on income

Tax expenses for the year comprises of current tax, deferred tax charge or credit and adjustments of taxes for earlier years. In respect of amounts adjusted outside profit or loss (i.e. in other comprehensive income or equity), the corresponding tax effect, if any, is also adjusted outside profit or loss.

Provision for current tax is made as per the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be utilized. In situations where the Company has unused tax losses and unused tax credits, deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that they can be utilized against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets are reviewed for the appropriateness of their respective carrying amounts at each Balance Sheet date.

At each reporting date, the Company re-assesses unrecognised deferred tax assets. It recognises previously unrecognised deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit allow deferred tax assets to be recovered.

3.3. Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, bank balances, deposits with banks (other than on lien) and all short term and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent as calculated above also includes outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

3.4. Cashflow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

3.5. Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risk specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.



A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

The Company does not recognize a contingent asset but discloses its existence in the financial statements if the inflow of economic benefits is probable. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

3.6. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders' and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average numbers of shares also includes fixed number of equity shares that are issuable on conversion of compulsorily convertible preference shares, debentures or any other instrument, from the date consideration is receivable (generally the date of their issue) of such instruments.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholder' and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year including share options, convertible preference shares and debentures, except where the result would be anti-dilutive. Potential equity shares that are converted during the year are included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share, from the beginning of the year or date of issuance of such potential equity shares, to the date of conversion.

3.7. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs (net of interest income on temporary investments) that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. Ancillary cost of borrowings in respect of loans not disbursed are carried forward and accounted as borrowing cost in the year of disbursement of loan. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest expenses calculated as per effective interest method, exchange difference arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are treated as an adjustment to the borrowing cost and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

3.8. Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of a) fair value of assets less cost of disposal and b) its value in use. Value in use is the present value of future cash flows expected to derive from an assets or Cash-Generating Unit (CGU).

Based on the assessment done at each balance sheet date, recognised impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. After recognition of impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss as applicable, the depreciation charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. If the conditions leading to recognition of impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased, impairment losses recognised are reversed to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined after considering depreciation / amortisation had no impairment loss been recognised in earlier years.



3.9. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3.9.1. Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income pertaining to investments in equity instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the investments.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- It has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or



Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited

(Formally known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)

CIN No: U55101MH2012PTC237229

Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2018

- On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- It is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee. Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably. Dividends recognised in profit or loss are included in the 'Other income' line item.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for investments in equity instruments which are not held for trading.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other income' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognised when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model based on 'simplified approach' for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the twelve month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition of financial asset

The Company de-recognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

On de-recognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety (e.g. when the Company retains an option to repurchase part of a transferred asset), the Company allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for



the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

3.9.2. Financial liability and equity instrument

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for de-recognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company, and commitments issued by the Company to provide a loan at below-market interest rate are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either contingent consideration recognised by the Company as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies or is held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading or contingent consideration recognised by the Company as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies, may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise;
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and Ind AS 109 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL in accordance with Ind AS 109.



Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'Other income' line item.

However, for non-held-for-trading financial liabilities that are designated as at FVTPL, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognised in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case these effects of changes in credit risk are recognised in profit or loss. The remaining amount of change in the fair value of liability is always recognised in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk that are recognised in other comprehensive income are reflected immediately in retained earnings and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

Gains or losses on financial guarantee contracts and loan commitments issued by the Company that are designated by the Company as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount on initial recognition.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Reclassification

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company de-recognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial



Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
 (Formally known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
CIN No: U55101MH2012PTC237229
Notes on financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2018

modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability de-recognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

4. New standard issued but not effective and hence not adopted

The following standards issued / modified by MCA become effective w.e.f. 1st April 2018.

Particulars	Effective date
New Ind AS issued *	
Ind AS 115 – Revenue from contracts with customers	1 st April 2018
Modification to existing Ind AS *	
Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes	1 st April 2018
Ind AS 21 – The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	1 st April 2018
Ind AS 28 – Investments in associates and joint ventures	1 st April 2018
Ind AS 40 – Investment property	1 st April 2018
Ind AS 112 – Disclosure of interest in other entities	1 st April 2018

* Does not include modification to existing other Ind AS due to issue of new Ind AS.

In view of the management, above amendments would not have a material impact on the financial statements.



Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited

(Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)

CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2018

(Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

5	Loans	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017	As at 1st April 2016
	Intercorporate loan given (Refer note 5.1)	-	33.88	33.90
	Total	-	33.88	33.90

5.1 Above intercorporate loan given was repayable based on funds available with the other company but not later than 10 years from the date of taking loan. In view of the management in previous year, no repayment was expected to be received in next 12 months, and hence was disclosed as non-current asset. No interest is charged on above loans. As these advances are given before 1st April 2014 i.e. before applicability of Companies Act 2013 ("the Act"), no disclosure under section 186 of the Act is made.

6	Deferred tax asset	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017	As at 1st April 2016
	MAT credit entitlement	0.02	0.02	-
	Total	0.02	0.02	-

Also refer note 19

7	Cash and cash equivalents	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017	As at 1st April 2016
	Balances with bank			
	- In current accounts	0.07	0.15	0.48
	- Cheque in hand	33.81	-	-
	Total	33.88	0.15	0.48

8	Equity share capital	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017	As at 1st April 2016
	Authorised capital			
	10,000 equity shares (31st March 2017: 10,000 & 1st April 2016: 10,000) of Rs.10 each	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Total	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up			
	10,000 equity shares (31st March 2017: 10,000 & 1st April 2016: 10,000) of Rs.10 each	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Total	1.00	1.00	1.00

8.1 Terms/ rights attached to equity shares :

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. However, there are no preferential amounts inter se equity shareholders. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders (After due adjustment in case shares are not fully paid up).

8.2 Movements in equity share capital

Particulars	31st March 2018		31st March 2017	
	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount
Number of shares at the beginning	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Less: Buyback during the year	-	-	-	-
Number of shares at the end	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00



Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited

(Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)

CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2018

(Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

8.3 Details of shareholders holding more than 5 % shares in the Company:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2018		As at 31st March 2017		As at 1st April 2016	
	% of holding	Number of Shares*	% of holding	Number of Shares*	% of holding	Number of Shares*
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid						
Kamat Hotels (India) Limited	100	10,000	100	10,000	100	10,000

*Out of above one share is held by Dr. Vithal V. Kamat as nominee of Kamat Hotels (India) Limited.

8.4 Equity shares held by the holding company (also ultimate holding company)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2018		As at 31st March 2017		As at 1st April 2016	
	% of holding	Number of Shares*	% of holding	Number of Shares*	% of holding	Number of Shares*
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid						
Kamat Hotels (India) Limited	100	10,000	100	10,000	100	10,000

*Out of above one share is held by Dr. Vithal V. Kamat as nominee of Kamat Hotels (India) Limited.

9 Trade payables	As at	As at	As at
	31st March 2018	31st March 2017	1st April 2016
Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer note 9.1)	-	-	-
Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises			
- Due to related party (Refer note 15)	2.53	2.52	3.00
- Others	0.19	0.06	0.06
Total	2.72	2.58	3.06

9.1 Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'), certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. Based on the information available with the Company, no supplier has communicated their status under the MSMED Act and hence no disclosures are made.

10 Other financial liabilities	As at	As at	As at
	31st March 2018	31st March 2017	1st April 2016
Other payable			
- Due to Holding Company (Refer note 15)	0.02	-	-
Total	0.02	-	-

11 Other current liabilities	As at	As at	As at
	31st March 2018	31st March 2017	1st April 2016
Statutory dues	0.03	0.03	0.02
Total	0.03	0.03	0.02



Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
 (Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
 CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229

Notes to financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2018
 (Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

12	Revenue from operation	Year ended 31st March 2018	Year ended 31st March 2017
	Other operating income		
	-Sundry creditors written back	-	0.28
	Total	-	0.28

13	Other expenses	Year ended 31st March 2018	Year ended 31st March 2017
	Rates and taxes	0.08	0.02
	Legal and professional fees	0.11	0.06
	Audit fees (Refer note 13.1)	0.12	0.06
	Miscellaneous expenses	0.00	0.01
	Total	0.31	0.15

13.1 Auditors' remuneration

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2018	Year ended 31st March 2017
For statutory audit	0.12	0.06
Total	0.12	0.06

*Including Good & Service tax of Rs.0.02 lakhs (Previous year: service tax of Rs. 0.01 lakhs).



Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
 (Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
 CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229
 Notes to financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2018
 (Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

14 Capital commitments, other commitments and contingent liabilities

14.1 Capital and other commitments

There are no capital commitments and other commitments as at 31st March 2018 (31st March 2017: Nil & 1st April 2016: Nil).

14.2 Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31st March 2018 (31st March 2017: Nil & 1st April 2016: Nil).

15 Related party transactions

15.1 Name and relationships of related parties

- a. Holding & Ultimate Holding Company : Kamat Hotels (India) Limited
- b. Directors / Key management personnel
 Vikram V.Kamat (Upto 15th June 2016)
 G.N.Shenoy (Upto 5th June 2016)
 Dr.Vithal V.Kamat (W.e.f. 18th May 2016)
 Prabhakar V. Shetty (W.e.f. 18th May 2016)

15.2 Transactions with related parties

Nature of transaction	Name of the Party	Year ended 31st March 2018	Year ended 31st March 2017
Expenses paid on behalf of Company	Kamat Hotels (India) Limited	0.02	-

15.3 Closing balances of related parties

Nature of transaction	Name of the Party	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017	As at 1st April 2016
Other payable	Kamat Hotels (India) Limited	0.02	-	-
Trade payable	Dr. Vithal V. Kamat	2.53	2.53	3.01

Terms and conditions of related party transaction

Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured, interest free with a short term duration and settlement occurs in cash. All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

16 Earnings/ (loss) per share

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2018	Year ended 31st March 2017
Basic and diluted earning per share		
Net profit / (loss) after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss (Rs.)	(0.31)	0.14
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	10,000	10,000
Face value per equity share (Rs.)	10	10
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (Rs.)	(3.11)	1.41

17 Disclosures as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 19 - Employee Benefits:

As the Company had no employees during the year as well as in the previous year, no provision for defined benefit obligations like leave encashment & gratuity and defined contribution plan has been made. Consequently, there are no disclosures as required by Indian Accounting Standard 19 (Ind AS) – 'Employee Benefits'.

18 Foreign currency exposure outstanding as on 31st March 2018: Nil (31st March 2017: Nil & 1st April 2016: Nil). There are no outstanding derivative contracts as on 31st March 2018 (31st March 2017: Nil & 1st April 2016: Nil).



Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
 (Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
 CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229
 Notes to financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2018
 (Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

19 Reconciliation of tax expenses and the accounting profit multiplied by applicable tax rate for 31st March 2018 and 31st March 2017

Particulars	As at 31st March 2018	As at 31st March 2017
Net (loss)/ profit before tax	(0.31)	0.14
Applicable income tax rate of 25.75% (31st March 2017: 30.90%)	(0.08)	0.04
Less: Carried forward loss set-off against profit for the year	-	(0.04)
Less: Deferred tax asset not recognised [Refer note below]	0.08	-
Add: Tax liability under Minimum Alternate Tax [MAT]	-	0.02
Less: MAT credit entitlement	-	(0.02)
(Excess) provision of income tax for earlier years written back	-	(0.01)
Total tax expenses recognised in statement of profit and loss	-	(0.01)

Note:

No provision for income tax has been made during the year as there is no taxable income as per the Income Tax Act, 1961. There is no deferred tax liability to be provided in the books of account as on 31st March 2018 (31st March 2017: Nil & 1st April 2016: Nil). As per Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes, deferred tax asset should be recognised for the carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. Considering same currently the Company has not recognised deferred tax asset as in near future there is low probability that taxable profit will be available against which it can be utilised. The Company is having unused tax business losses as on 31st March 2018 of Rs. 0.31 lakhs and its expiry period is 2026-27.



20 Financial Instruments - Accounting Classifications & Fair value Measurement

(a) Financial instruments by category

Sr. No.	Particulars	31st March 2018		31st March 2017		1st April 2016	
		Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI
A	Financial assets						
	(i) Cash and cash equivalents	33.88	-	0.15	-	0.48	-
	(ii) Loans	-	-	33.88	-	33.90	-
	Total financial assets	33.88	-	34.03	-	34.38	-
B	Financial liabilities						
	(i) Trade payable	2.72	-	2.58	-	3.06	-
	(ii) Other financial liabilities	0.02	-	-	-	-	-
	Total financial liabilities	2.74	-	2.58	-	3.06	-

FVTOCI - Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

FVTPL - Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

(b) Fair valuation techniques

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The following method and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values:

- (i) The management assessed that fair value of Cash and cash equivalents, Loans, Trade payable and Other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.



Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
(Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229

Notes to financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2018
(Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

21 Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to two risks mainly funding / liquidity risk and credit risk. There are no market risk to which Company has exposure. The Company does not have any derivative financial instruments. The Board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment of the Company's risk management framework. Risk management systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in Company's activities.

(a) Credit Risk :

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instruments fail to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed mainly to credit risk which arises from cash and cash equivalents.

(i) Cash and cash equivalent

The Company considers factors such as track record, size of institution, market reputation and service standards to select the banks with which balances are maintained. The balance are generally maintained with the banks with whom the Company has regular transactions. Further, the Company does not maintain cash in hand. Considering the same, the Company is not exposed to expected credit loss of cash and cash equivalent.

(b) Liquidity Risk :

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligation on time. The Company relies capital and accumulated reserves to meet its needs for funds. The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on the undiscounted payments.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	Above 5 years	Total
As at 31st March 2018				
Trade payable	2.72	-	-	2.72
Other current liabilities	0.02	-	-	0.02
As at 31st March 2017				
Trade payable	2.58	-	-	2.58
Other current liabilities	-	-	-	-
As at 1st April 2016				
Trade payable	3.06	-	-	3.06
Other current liabilities	-	-	-	-

22 Capital management

Capital is fully contributed by the Holding Company 'Kamat Hotels (India) Limited'. The Company's objective when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns to the shareholders and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the Balance Sheet. The Company maintain its capital structure and make adjustments to it in light of economic conditions and the risk characteristics of underlying assets.

23 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 101 - First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards

There are no adjustments required in the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS. Hence, no reconciliation is required for figures as per previous GAAP and Ind AS. Further, the Company has not availed any exemption stated in Ind AS 101 on transition to Ind AS.



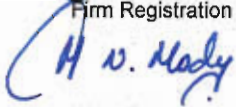
Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited
(Formerly known as Green Dot Restaurants Private Limited)
CIN: U55101MH2012PTC237229

Notes to financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2018
(Amount in rupees lakhs, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

- 24 Disclosures as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 108 - Operating Segments
Object of the Company is hospitality business, however it has not carried out any business activity during the year.
Therefore disclosure as required by Ind AS 108 - Operating Segment is not applicable.

As per our report of even date

For N. A. Shah Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 116560W



Milan Mody
Partner
Membership No.: 103286

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Orchid Hotels Eastern (I) Private Limited



Dr. Vithal V. Kamat
Director
DIN : 00195341

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018



Prabhakar V. Shetty
Director
DIN : 02448426

Place: Mumbai
Date: 23rd May 2018